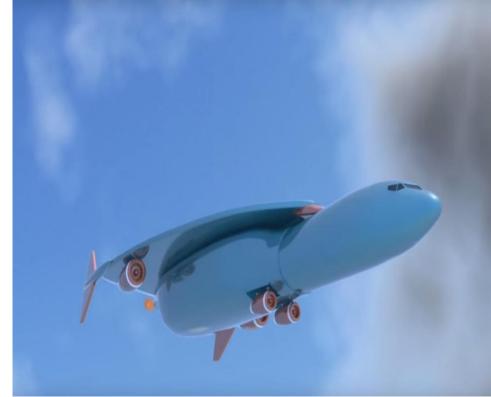
# Background slides

















High Speed Initiative (Workshop Porto, October 21st, 2016)

# Why this initiative?

- ☐ High-speed air transport remains a "big challenge" both as an engineering and a business case.
- ☐ It has the potential to transform our lives and economies.
- ☐ It is a complex challenge where many disciplines are interlinked (engineering, business, design, etc).
- ☐ Addressing this complexity requires a large collaborative effort engaging and educating different actors and institutions.



# Why an educational approach (driven by engineering)?

- □ A challenge of a 300 passenger high-speed airplane...we think is a highly motivational project for a wide range of students (...the "I contributed to it" philosophy).
- ☐Students think without prejudices...they challenge all assumptions.
- ☐ Developing an open platform for such a collaborative effort acts as a pilot project for other engineering & societal student challenges



# Are we ignoring past efforts or industry?

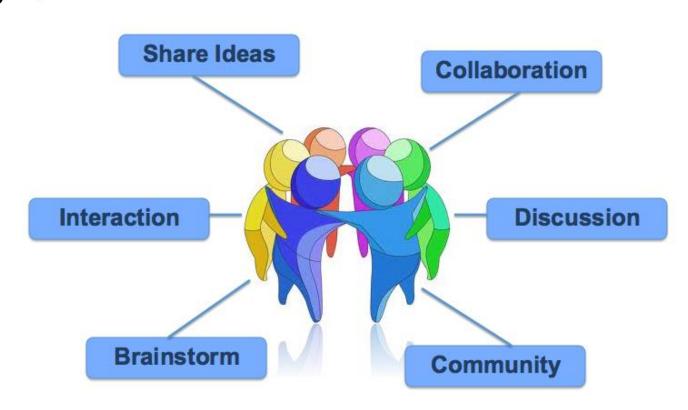
- □ Absolutely NOT (We are aware: Hikari, LAPCAT, etc).
- □Industry advice and help is very welcome in sharing information. Our main driver is the educational component and openness.





Will CERN, EASN and ESA now build together a high-speed aircraft?

- □ Absolutely NOT (Our focus is HEP, Space and Aviation Research respectively).
- ☐ Educating next-generation of scientists and engineers is important to us.
- ☐We are interested in new collaborative platforms.



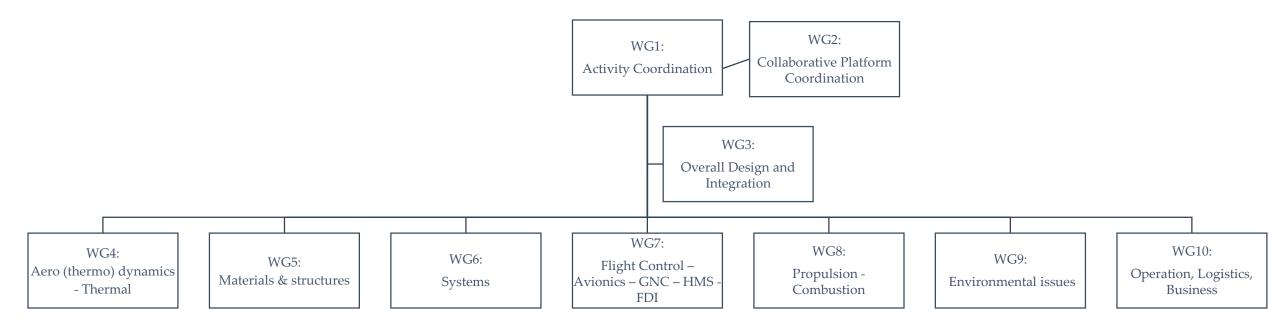
## General characteristics (1)

- □Educational and collaborative initiative with a strong engineering component, as proposed by CERN-EASN-ESA.
- □Long term (approx. 7 years).
- ☐ Holistic (i.e. not only the vehicle but also infrastructures, regulations, business models, user-experience, etc).
- □"Out-of-the-box" thinking when possible (i.e. technology dictate the rules but technology can be challenged).
- □Open to all institutions willing to participate as well as open to outside world (i.e. no NDAs, "no secrets").

## General characteristics (2)

- □ Requires in-kind contributions.
- □Public funding can help -- but it is not a must.
- □Students are the main executors under expert supervision.
- □Remote collaboration through tailored platform will be promoted.
- □ Final "Product Integration" done by the institutions (not left to students)

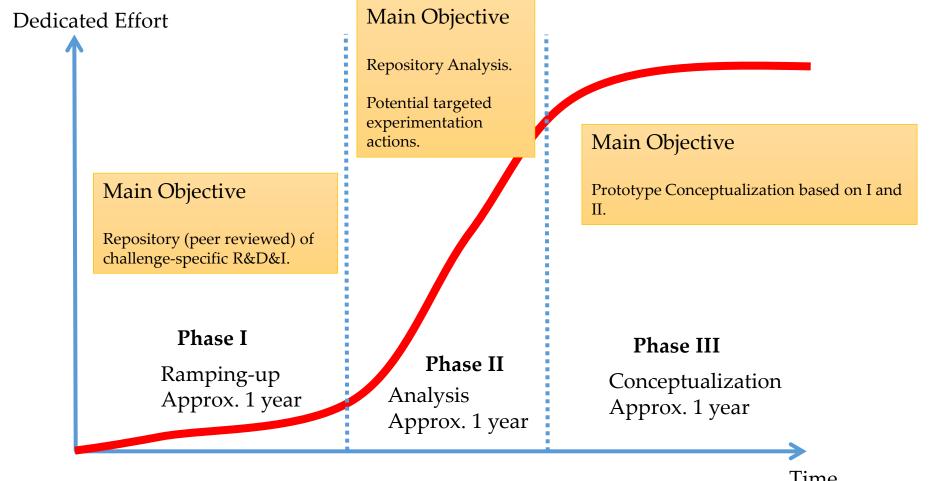
# Suggested Working Groups



### Initiative overview

Minimum effort is 3 years;

If EU funding available it could be extended.



Time

## Phase I: Ramping-up

### Resources

- Existing curricular activities and resources in organizations.
- CERN first version of collaborative platform available (allows creating repository).

### Effort

• Each organization requires limited effort.

### Objectives

- After 1 year
  elaborate a peer
  reviewed database
  out of existing
  R&D&I activities
  specifically
  challenge oriented.
- R&D&I database (or repository) based mainly on students' projects (i.e. master thesis, PhDs, etc).

### Modus Operandi

- Distribute
  participating
  organizations
  around the
  challenges (Work
  Groups).
- Each WG has an overall coordinator.
- Materials uploaded in repository should be peer reviewed by professors of each institution.

# Phase I: Ramping-up

### Must have

- In-kind contribution of participants.
- Basic collaborative platform.
- At least 2 meetings among WG Coordinators.

### Nice to have

- Small EU funding (i.e. CSA type or COST) to cover "ramping-up efforts" (i.e. meetings, workshops, etc).
- General Workshop(s) for all participant organizations (i.e. to share and check challenges and repository).

# Phase II: Repository Analysis

#### Resources

- Within existing or beyond curricular activities in organizations.
- Enhanced version of collaborative platform (CERN).

#### Effort

 Effort from each WG coordinator beyond "daily activities".

#### Objectives

- After 2 years elaborate a synthesis of the gathered <a href="mailto:challenge oriented">challenge oriented</a> R&D&I.
- Propose complementary and missing key experimentation/ simulation suitable to be realised by students.
- Integrate results in the synthesis.

### Modus Operandi

- Each WG coordinator spends time elaborating synthesis of results of Phase I and indicates key missing experiments/ simulations.
- Each organization determines the feasibility to carry on key missing experimentation/ simulation
- Each WG coordinator elaborates a final report per challenge.

# Phase II: Repository Analysis

### Must have

- In-kind contribution of participants.
- Enhanced collaborative platform.
- Final synthesis report per challenge.
- At least 3 meetings among WG Coordinators.

### Nice to have

- EU funding to cover efforts related to synthesis and potential experimentation as well as other activities (i.e. design of enhanced collaborative platform, meetings, workshops, etc).
- General Workshop(s) for all participant organizations (i.e. to share and check challenges vs. synthesis).
- Extra key experiments/simulations based on synthesis report.

## Phase III: Conceptualization

#### Resources

- Existing and beyond curricular activities in organizations.
- Enhanced collaborative platform.

#### Effort

• Each organization requires effort beyond "daily activities".

### Objectives

• After 3 years conceptualise a prototype of the future 300 passenger civil supersonic aircraft.

### Modus Operandi

- Organise
  participating
  organizations
  around the
  challenges (Work
  Groups).
- Each WG has an overall coordinator.
- General student activity: conceptualize prototype with information of all WGs.

## Phase III: Conceptualization

### Must have

- •In-kind contribution of participants.
- •Enhanced collaborative platform allowing WG collaborative work (synergies).
- Final conceptualization report.
- At least 3 meetings among WG Coordinators.
- •General Workshop(s) for all participant organizations (i.e. to share and check challenges).

### Nice to have

• EU funding to cover efforts related to conceptualization and potential experimentation as well as other activities (i.e. design of enhanced collaborative platform, meetings, workshops, etc).

## High Level Gantt Chart

Minimum effort is 3 years;

If EU funding available it could be extended.

Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Repository Synthesis. Repository Dedicated R&D&I Prototype Conceptualization (activity realised by all Potential extra experimentation/simulation students) tailored to students. **Basic Collaborative Platform** Advanced Collaborative Platform Increasing in-kind effort required

Increasing EU funding useful.

Next steps: organizing the ramping up

- □ Identify those of you willing to take part in this initiative.
- □Populate the different Working Groups and challenges.
- ☐ Nominate WG Coordinators.
- □Start developing the R&D&I repository.

Thanks for your presence here today

Questions

